Operations with sets – Union, Intersection and Complement

A **universal set** for a particular problem is a set which contains all the elements of all the sets in the problem.

A universal set is often denoted by a capital U, but sometimes the Greek letter  $\xi$  (xee) is used.

In this section we will create subsets of a given universal set and use set operations to create new subsets of the universal set.

There are three set operations we will learn in this section.

- **Complement:** The complement of a set A is symbolized by A' and it is the set of all elements in the universal set that are not in A.
- Intersection: The intersection of sets A and B is symbolized by  $A \cap B$  and is the set containing all of the elements that are common to both set A and set B.
- **Union:** The union of set A and B is symbolized  $A \cup B$  and is the set containing all the elements that are elements of set A or of set B or that are in both Sets A and B.

Here is a quick example to illustrate the 3 definitions.

**Example:** Let U be a universal set and A and B be subsets of U defined as follows.

 $U = \{1,2,3,4,5\}$ 

 $A = \{1,2,3\}$ 

 $B = \{2,3,4\}$ 

#### Find A'

A' is all of the elements in the Universal set that are not in set A.

Answer:  $A' = \{4,5\}$ 

**Find**  $A \cap B$  (This is asking me to find all of the elements that A and B have in common.)

Answer:  $A \cap B = \{2,3\}$ 

Find  $A \cup B$  (This is asking me to list all of the elements in A followed by all of the elements in B, then delete any elements that are written twice.)

 $A \cup B = \{1,2,3,2,3,4\}$ 

Answer:  $A \cup B = \{1,2,3,4\}$ 

**Example:** Let U be a universal set and A and B be subsets of U defined as follows.

$$U = \{a,b,c,d,e,f\}$$

$$A = \{a,b,c\}$$

$$B = \{c,d,e\}$$

#### Find $A' \cap B$

First I need to find A', which is all of the elements in U that aren't in set A.

$$A' = \{d,e,f\}$$

Now I can intersect the two sets.

$$A' \cap B = \{d,e,f\} \cap \{c,d,e\}$$
 (now find what the two sets have in common)

#### Find $A \cup B'$

First I need to find B'

$$B' = \{a,b,f\}$$

 $A \cup B' = \{a,b,c\} \cup \{a,b,f\}$  (put all 6 elements in a big set then delete the duplicates)

#1-10: Find the following sets.

$$U = \{a,b,c,d,e\}$$
  $A = \{c,d,e\}$   $B = \{a,c,d\}$ 

1) A'

2) B'

3)  $A \cup B$ 

4)  $A' \cup B'$ 

5)  $A \cap B$ 

6)  $A' \cap B'$ 

7)  $A' \cap B$ 

8)  $A \cap B'$ 

9)  $A' \cup B$ 

10)  $A \cup B'$ 

#11-20: Find the following sets.

$$U = \{1,2,3,4,5\}$$
  $A = \{1,2,3\}$   $B = \{5\}$ 

11) A'

12) B'

13)  $A \cup B$ 

14)  $A' \cup B'$ 

15)  $A \cap B$ 

16)  $A' \cap B'$ 

17)  $A' \cap B$ 

18)  $A \cap B'$ 

19)  $A' \cup B$ 

20)  $A \cup B'$ 

**Example:** Let U be a universal set and A, B and C be subsets of U defined as follows.

$$U = \{a,b,c,d,e,f\}$$

$$A = \{a,b,c\}$$

$$B = \{c,d,e\}$$

$$C = \{d,e,f\}$$

Find 
$$A \cup B \cup C$$

I need to work from left to right. First I will find  $A \cup B$ 

$$A \cup B = \{a,b,c\} \cup \{c,d,e\}$$

Now I can do the union C part. I can rewrite my problem as:

$$\{a,b,c,d,e\} \cup C$$

Answer: {a,b,c,d,e,f}

## Find $(B \cup C)'$

I have to work on the inside of the parenthesis first.

So I will first find:

 $B \cup C$ 

 $B \cup C = \{c,d,e\} \cup \{d,e,f\}$ 

 $B \cup C = \{c,d,e,d,e,f\}$ 

 $B \cup C = \{c,d,e,f\}$ 

Now I can do the complement.

I can replace the inside of the parenthesis with {c,d,e,f} and proceed to find its complement.

 $(B \cup C)' = (c,d,e,f)'$  (my answer will be all the elements of set U that are not in this set.)

Answer: {a,b}

## Find $A \cup (B \cup C)'$

First I need to simplify the parenthesis  $(B \cup C)'$ I just figured out that  $(B \cup C)' = \{a,b\}$ , so I will use the work I have already done

 $A \cup (B \cup C)'$ 

 $= A \cup \{a, b\}$ 

 $= \{a,b,c\} \cup \{a,b\}$ 

= {a,b,c,a,b}

Answer: {a,b,c}

# Find $A' \cap (B \cap C')$

I need to simplify the inside of the parenthesis first.

 $(B \cap C')$ 

$$= \{c,d,e\} \cap \{a,b,c\}$$

 $= \{c\}$ 

$$A' \cap (B \cap C')$$

 $=\mathsf{A}'\cap\{c\}$ 

$$= \{d,e,f\} \cap \{c\}$$

Answer: Ø (empty set)

#21-32: Find the following sets.

$$U = \{1,2,3,4,5,6\}$$
  $A = \{1,2,3\}$   $B = \{2,3,4\}$   $C = \{1,5\}$ 

21) *A* ∩ *C* 

22)  $B \cap C$ 

23) *A* ∪ *C* 

- 24)  $B \cup C$
- 25)  $A \cap B \cup C$
- 26)  $A \cup B \cap C$
- 27)  $B \cup C \cap A$
- 28)  $B \cap A \cup C$

29)  $A' \cap B$ 

- 30)  $A \cap B'$
- 31)  $A' \cup B \cap C'$
- 32)  $B' \cap A \cup C'$

#33-44: Find the following sets.

$$U = \{a,b,c,d\}$$
  $A = \{a,b,c\}$   $B = \{b,c,d\}$   $C = \{a,d\}$ 

33)  $A \cap C'$ 

34)  $B' \cap C$ 

35)  $A' \cup C'$ 

- 36)  $B' \cup C'$
- 37)  $A' \cap B \cup C'$
- 38)  $A' \cup B' \cap C$
- 39)  $B' \cup C' \cap A$
- 40)  $B' \cap A' \cup C$

41)  $A' \cap B'$ 

- 42)  $A \cap B'$
- 43)  $A' \cup B' \cap C'$
- 44)  $B \cap A' \cup C'$

#45 - 56: Find the following sets.

 $U = \{1,2,3,4,5,6\}$   $S = \{2,4,6\}$   $T = \{1,2,4\}$   $V = \{4,5,6\}$ 

45)  $S \cup (T \cap V)$ 

46)  $(S \cup T) \cap V$ 

47)  $(S \cup T)'$  48)  $(V \cup S)'$ 

49)  $S \cap (V \cap T')$ 

50)  $(S' \cap V') \cup T$ 

51)  $(S' \cup V') \cap T$  52)  $S' \cup T \cap V'$ 

53)  $T \cup V' \cup S'$  54)  $T \cup V' \cap S'$ 

55)  $(V \cap T)' \cup S$  56)  $V \cup (S \cap T)'$