101 Writing Tips

- 1. Every sentence should make sense in isolation. Like that one.
- 2. Excessive hyperbole is literally the kiss of death.
- 3. ASBMAETP: Acronyms Should Be Memorable And Easy To Pronounce, and SATAN: Select Acronyms That Are Non-offensive.
- 4. Finish your point on an up-beat note, unless you can't think of one.
- 5. Don't patronise the reader—he or she might well be intelligent enough to spot it.
- 6. A writer needs three qualities: creativity, originality, clarity and a good short term memory.
- 7. Choose your words carefully and incitefully.
- 8. Avoid unnecessary examples; e.g. this one.
- 9. Don't use commas, to separate text unnecessarily.
- 10. It can be shown that you shouldn't miss out too many details.
- 11. Similes are about as much use as a chocolate teapot.
- 12. Avoid ugly abr'v'ns.
- 13. Spellcheckers are not perfect; they can kiss my errs.
- 14. Somebody once said that all quotes should be accurately attributed.
- 15. Americanisms suck.
- 16. Capitalising for emphasis is UGLY and DISTRACTING.
- 17. Underlining is also a <u>big no-no</u>.
- 18. Mixed metaphors can kill two birds without a paddle.
- 19. Before using a cliché, run it up the flagpole and see if anybody salutes.
- 20. There is one cheap gimmick that should be avoided at all costs.....suspense.
- 21. State your opinions forcefully—this is perhaps the key to successful writing.
- 22. Never reveal your sources (Alistair Watson, 1993).
- 23. Pile on lots of subtlety.
- 24. Sure signs of lazy writing are incomplete lists, etc.
- 25. Introduce meaningless jargon on a strict need-to-know basis.
- 26. The word "gullible" possesses magic powers and hence it should be used with care.

- 27. The importance of comprehensive cross-referencing will be covered elsewhere.
- 28. Resist the temptation to roll up the trouser-legs of convention, cast off the shoes and socks of good taste, and dip your toes refreshingly into the cool, flowing waters of fanciful analogy.
- 29. Don't mess with Mr. Anthropomorphism.
- 30. Understatement is a mindblowingly effective weapon.
- 31. Injecting enthusiasm probably won't do any harm.
- 32. It is nice to be important, but it is more important to avoid using the word 'nice.'
- 33. Appropriate metaphors are worth their weight in gold.
- 34. Take care with pluri.
- 35. If you can't think of the exact word that you need, look it up in one of those dictionary-type things.
- 36. Colons: try to do without them.
- 37. Nouns should never be verbed.
- 38. Do you really think people are impressed by rhetorical questions?
- 39. Pick a font, and stick with it.
- 40. Sufficient clarity is necessary, but not necessarily sufficient.
- 41. Less is more. This means that a short, cryptic statement is often preferable to an accurate, but drawn out, explanation that lacks punch and loses the reader.
- 42. Sarcasm—yes, I bet that will go down really well.
- 43. The problem of ambiguity cannot be underestimated.
- 44. Never appear cynical, unless you're sure you can get away with it.
- 45. Many writer's punctuate incorrectly.
- 46. Colloquialisms are for barmpots.
- 47. There is a lot to be said for brevity.
- 48. To qualify is to weaken, in most cases.
- 49. Many readers assume that a word will not assume two meanings in the same sentence.
- 50. Be spontaneous at regular intervals.
- 51. The era of the euphemism is sadly no longer with us.

- 52. Want to be funny? Just add some exclamation marks!!!
- 53. Want to appear whimsical? Simply append a smiley ;-)
- 54. Some writers introduce a large number, N, of unnecessary symbols.
- 55. Restrict your hyphen-usage.
- 56. Choosing the correct phrase is important compared to most things.
- 57. Some early drafts of this document had had clumsy juxtapositions.
- 58. Try not to leave a word dangling on its own line.
- 59. The number of arbitrary constants per page should not exceed .13.
- 60. Use mathematical jargon iff it is absolutely necessary.
- 61. And avoid math symbols unless \exists a good reason.
- 62. Poor writing effects the impact of your work.
- 63. And the dictionary on your shelf was not put there just for affect.
- 64. If there's a word on the tip of your tongue that you can't quite pin down, use a cinnamon.
- 65. If somebody were to give me a pound for every irrelevant statement I've ever read, then I would be very surprised.
- 66. Strangely enough, it is impossible to construct a sentence that illustrates the meaning of the word 'irony.'
- 67. Consult a writing manual to assure that your English is correct.
- 68. It has been suggested that some words are absolute, not relative. This is very true.
- 69. Be careful when forming words into a sentence—all orderings are not correct.
- 70. Many words can ostensibly be deleted.
- 71. In your quest for clarity, stop at nothing.
- 72. Complete mastery of the English language comes with conscientious study, notwithstanding around in bars. Moreover the next page. Inasmuch detail as possible.
- 73. Sporting analogies won't even get you to first base.
- 74. If you must quote, quote from one of the all-time greats (Cedric.P. Snodworthy, 1964).
- 75. In the absence of a dictionary, stick to words of one syllabus.
- 76. Steer clear of word-making-up-ism.

- 77. Readers will not stand for any intolerance.
- 78. If there's one thing you must avoid it's over-simplification.
- 79. Double entendres will get you in the end.
- 80. Vagueness is the root of miscommunication, in a sense.
- 81. Don't bother with those "increase-your-word-power" books that cost an absorbent amount of money.
- 82. Self-contradiction is confusing, and yet strangely enlightening.
- 83. Surrealism without purpose is like fish.
- 84. Ignorance: good writers don't even know the meaning of the word.
- 85. The spoken word can look strange when written down, I'm afraid.
- 86. Stimpy the Squirrel says "Don't treat the reader like a little child."
- 87. Intimidatory writing is for wimps.
- 88. Learn one new maths word every day, and you'll soon find your vocabulary growing exponentially.
- 89. My old high school English teacher put it perfectly when she said: "Quoting is lazy. Express things in your own words."
- 90. She also said: "Don't use that trick of paraphrasing......[other people's words].....inside a quote."
- 91. A lack of compassion in a writer is unforgivable.
- 92. On a scale of 0 to 10, internal consistency is very important.
- 93. Thankfully, by the year 2016 rash predictions will be a thing of the past.
- 94. There is no place for overemphasis, whatsoever.
- 95. Leave out the David Hockney rhyming slang.
- 96. Bad writers are hopefully ashamed of themselves.
- 97. Eschew the highfalutin.
- 98. Sometimes you publish a sentence and then, on reflection, feel that you shouldn't ought to have been and gone and written it quite that way.
- 99. Practice humility until you feel that you're really good at it.
- 100. If there's a particular word that you can never spell, use a pnemonic.
- 101. A strong ending is the last thing you need.

- 102. Make sure that your title is accurate.
- 103. Spelling dictionaries should be made compulsary.
- 104. Sometimes, a foreign phrase can add a little 'je ne sais rien.'
- 105. In terms of writing convoluted sentences, don't.
- 106. Let's face it, we all hate it when a writer appeals to the lowest common denominator.
- 107. Learn the basic spelling rules; don't just rely on fonetix.
- 108. Only take writing tips from world-renounced writers.
- 109. Writing for the non-native English speaking market is a different kettle of fish.
- 110. If you can't afford a book on grammar, at least find someone to lend one off.
- 111. Nothing is worse than ambiguity.
- 112. Oh, and avoid afterthoughts.

(These are all original, but some are based on old jokes.)

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